Parasocial Paternalism and Embodied Advice Among TikTok Cosmetic Interventionists

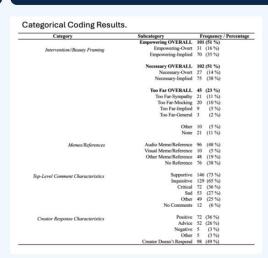
MOTIVATION

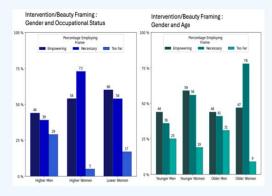
- Occupational credentials maintain hierarchies provide authority.
 Credentials are central in medicine, including among medical practitioners providing cosmetic procedures.
- Licensed and unlicensed, medical and nonmedical professionals offer cosmetic interventions. Cosmetic interventionists with varied credentials promote their services compete for clients on the video sharing app TikTok, where viewers respond in a digital public forum.
- Cosmetic interventionist TikTok creators might rely on traditional authority signals or attempt to foster parasocial relationships, sharing personal, informal parts of their lives to build imagined, intimate bonds with viewers.

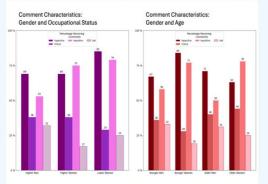
METHODS

- To understand how cosmetic interventionist TikTok creators positioned themselves, the interventions they offer, and the notion of beauty itself to their audiences, we categorically coded 200 TikToks produced by 50 cosmetic interventionists (including plastic surgeons, cosmetic dentists/orthodontists, dermatologists, aesthetic nurses, estheticians, and more).
- To understand how audiences responded to creators, we additionally analyzed the top twenty comments under each of these TikToks.
- We continually revised and improved our coding guide. We also employed in-depth, qualitative note-taking to understand framing of both the creators and the beauty interventions they presented through their videos.

RESULTS

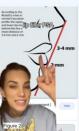








Empowerment:
@realdrmiami's nurse
coaches patients to
self-advocate.



Necessary:
@thefacialplanner
uses measurements to
insist filler is needed.



Too far: @drpremtripathi discusses five surgeries to avoid.



Parasociality: @barrettplasticsurgery pulls pranks with staff.



Embodied Advice:
@breanne.andersonn
undergoes procedures
as an aesthetic nurse.



Alternative Authority: @beautyjunkymonkey asserts her status as an

Interventions were framed as empowering, necessary, or as going "too far." **Empowerment** framing construed interventions as providing agency and power. In Figure 1, a woman nurse working for @realdrmiami coaches patients to advocate for undergoing procedures. Interventions were also framed as **necessary** to be beautiful. In Figure 2, @thefacialplanner emphasizes "objectively" ideal facial measurements that can be achieved with filler. Interventions could be framed as having gone "**too far.**" Figure 3 shows @drpremtripathi discussing five surgeries to avoid, each of which he frames as being unnecessary or resulting in the patient "not looking good."

Doctors and surgeons, especially men, attempted to come off as playful or relatable to foster **parasocial** relationships with viewers. In Figure 4, @barrettplasticsurgery pulls pranks with his staff.

Women with fewer credentials employed alternative forms of authority, including taking part in cosmetic interventions themselves. In Figure 5, @breanne.andersonn spoke about how one "must" take part in cosmetic interventions to become an aesthetic nurse, exemplifying embodied advice. In Figure 6, @beautyjunkymonkey gained trust with viewers by labeling herself an "expert", "educator", and "actual professional.".

- Nearly all videos frame interventions as empowering, necessary, going "too far," or some combination of the three
- Most videos employ memes or references
- Most videos receive supportive and inquisitive comments from viewers
- When creators respond, they are often positive or provide advice

DISCUSSION

- Cosmetic interventionist TikTok creators
 possessing high-status occupational
 credentials attempted to foster
 lighthearted, parasocial relationships with
 their viewers. In contrast, creators
 without these high-status credentials
 signaled alternative forms of authority,
 while still building audience trust through
 embodying their cosmetic advice.
 - These divergent frames illustrate how norms and cultures of online platforms interact with and transform how credentials are employed to signal authority.
- Women with high-status and low-status occupational credentials relied on embodied advice to signal alternative authority, illustrating how reliance on embodying cosmetic advice is strongly gendered.
 - Differences in commenters' responses to older and younger women creators indicate gendered double standards in how older creators are perceived when promoting cosmetic interventions.

Supervised by Katherine Furl